

A Wide Variety of Electrochemistry As Irresistible Attraction

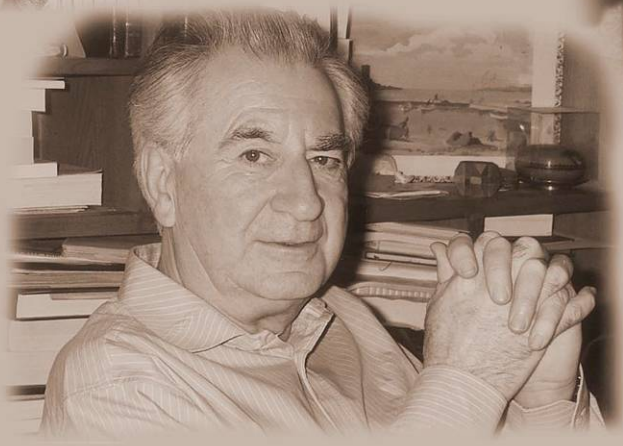
ou bien

Le charme discret de l'électrochimie dans sa diversité

Oleg A. Petrii

Award lecture

Nice, September 29, 2010



My Variety of Electrochemistry

Experimental verification of the charge transfer theories

Electrocatalysis

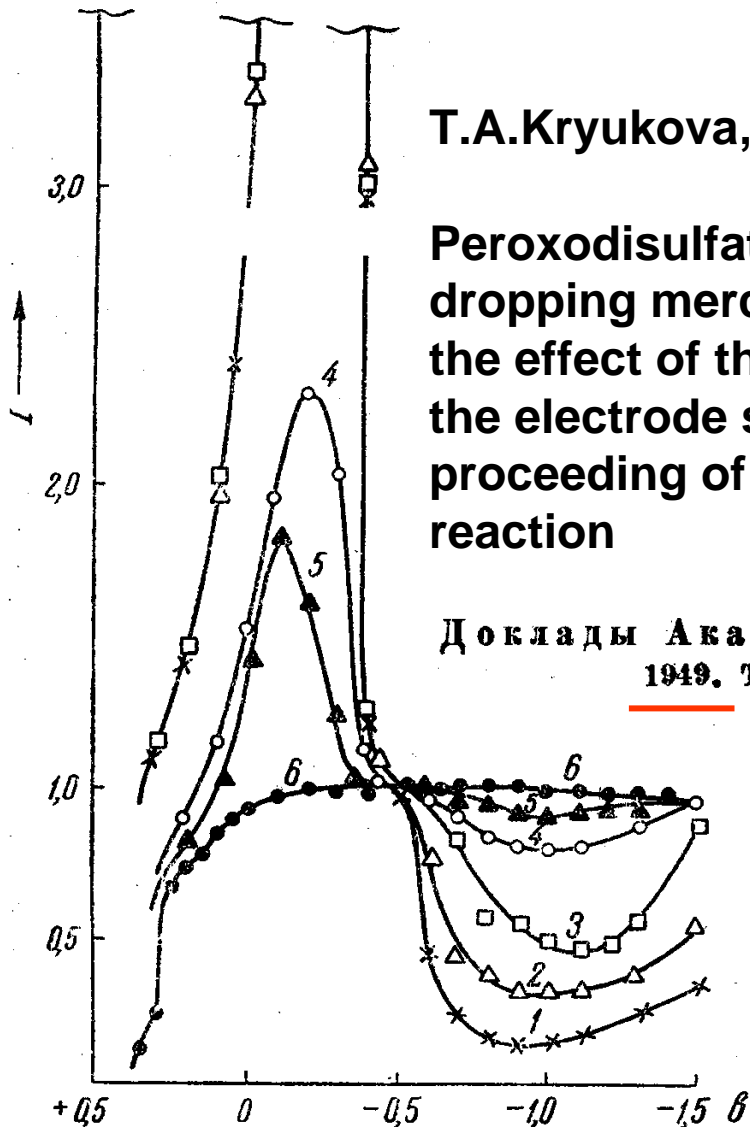
Surface thermodynamics of the perfectly polarizable electrode

Electrochemical material science

ВОССТАНОВЛЕНИЕ ПЕРСУЛЬФАТА НА РТУТНОМ КАПЕЛЬНОМ КАТОДЕ И ВЛИЯНИЕ ЭЛЕКТРИЧЕСКОГО ПОЛЯ ЗАРЯДОВ ПОВЕРХНОСТИ ЭЛЕКТРОДА НА ПРОТЕКАНИЕ ЭЛЕКТРОХИМИЧЕСКОЙ РЕАКЦИИ

$1 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{MK}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$ $1 - 1 \cdot 10^{-3}$
 NNa_2SO_4 ; $2 - 3 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{N}$; $3 - 1 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{N}$; $4 -$
 $5 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{N}$; $5 - 0,1 \text{N}$; $6 - 1,0 \text{N}$

(Представлено академиком А. Н. Фрумкиным 5 II 1949)



T.A.Kryukova,

Peroxodisulfate reduction at the dropping mercury electrode and the effect of the electric field of the electrode surface on the proceeding of electrochemical reaction

Доклады Академии Наук СС СР
 1949. Том LXV, № 4



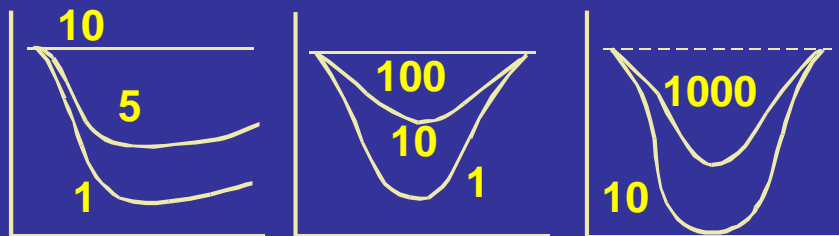
Tatyana A. Kryukova



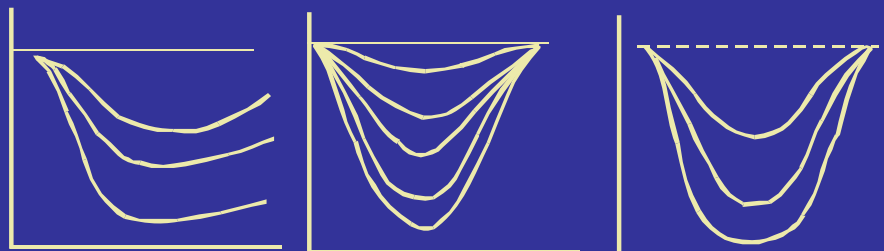
Nina V. Fedorovich



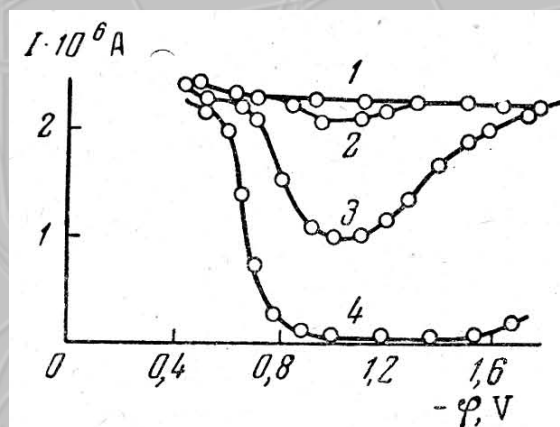
Various supporting electrolyte concentrations, mM



Typical effect of cation nature (decrease: Cs...Li)



and corresponding CTR



Galina M.
Florianovich

$$i = k [\text{A}] \exp \frac{\alpha F}{RT} \left(-\varphi + \frac{n + \alpha}{\alpha} \psi_1 \right)$$

Академик А. Н. ФРУМКИН и Г. М. ФЛОРИАНОВИЧ

ЭЛЕКТРОВОССТАНОВЛЕНИЕ АНИОНОВ

Доклады Академии Наук СССР
1951. Том LXXX, № 6

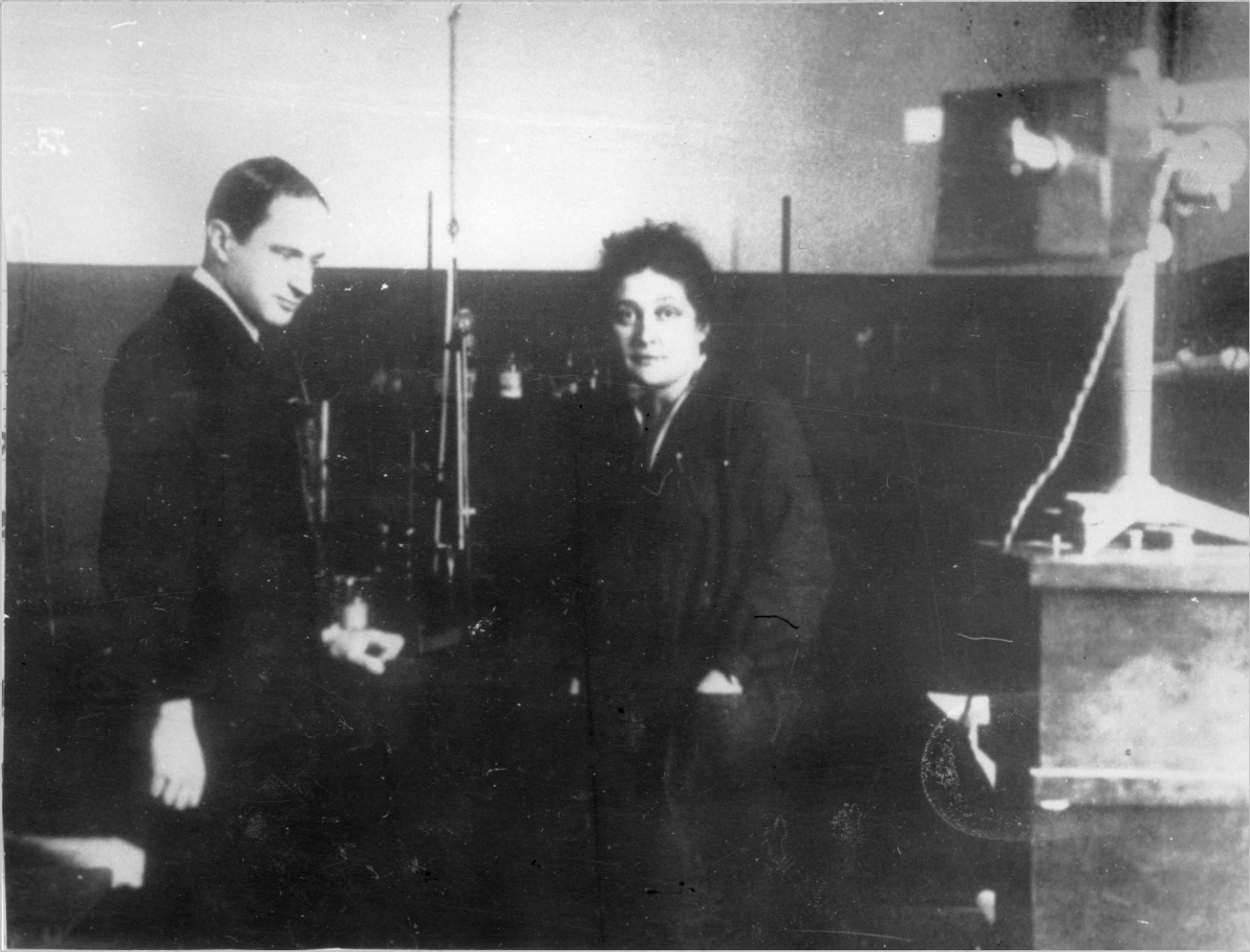
О МЕХАНИЗМЕ ЭЛЕКТРОВОССТАНОВЛЕНИЯ АНИОНОВ
НА РТУТНОМ ЭЛЕКТРОДЕ

Г. М. Florianovich и А. Н. Фрумкин

1955

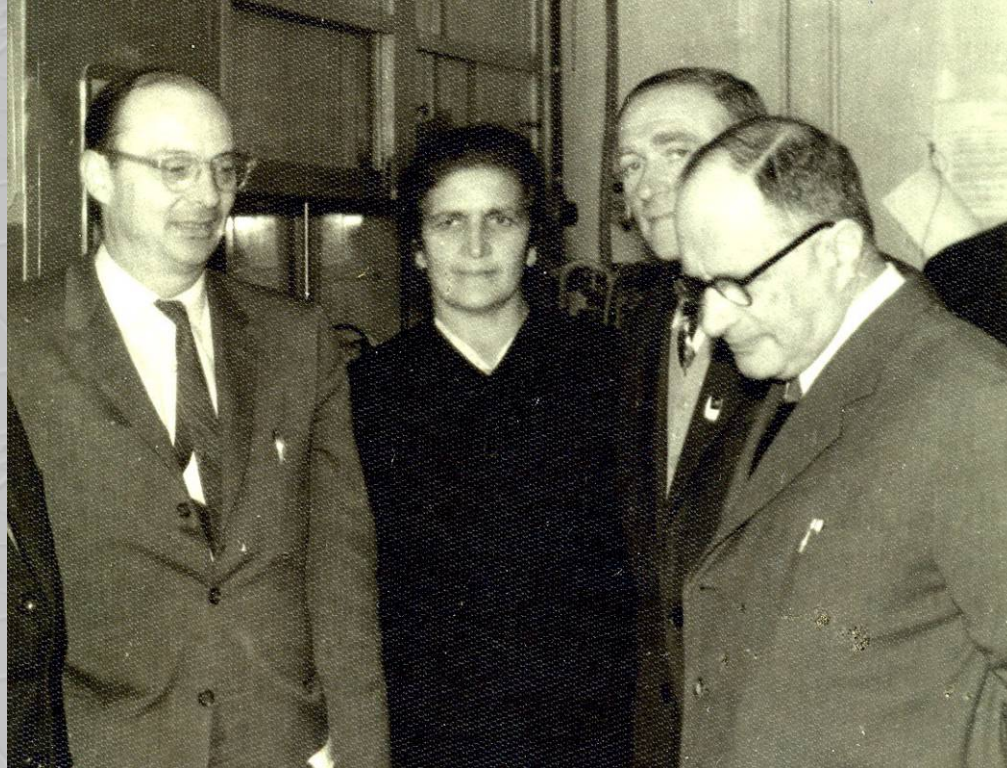
ЖУРНАЛ ФИЗИЧЕСКОЙ ХИМИИ

A.N.Frumkin and A.D.Obrucheva



R. Kh. Burshtein

M. I. Temkin

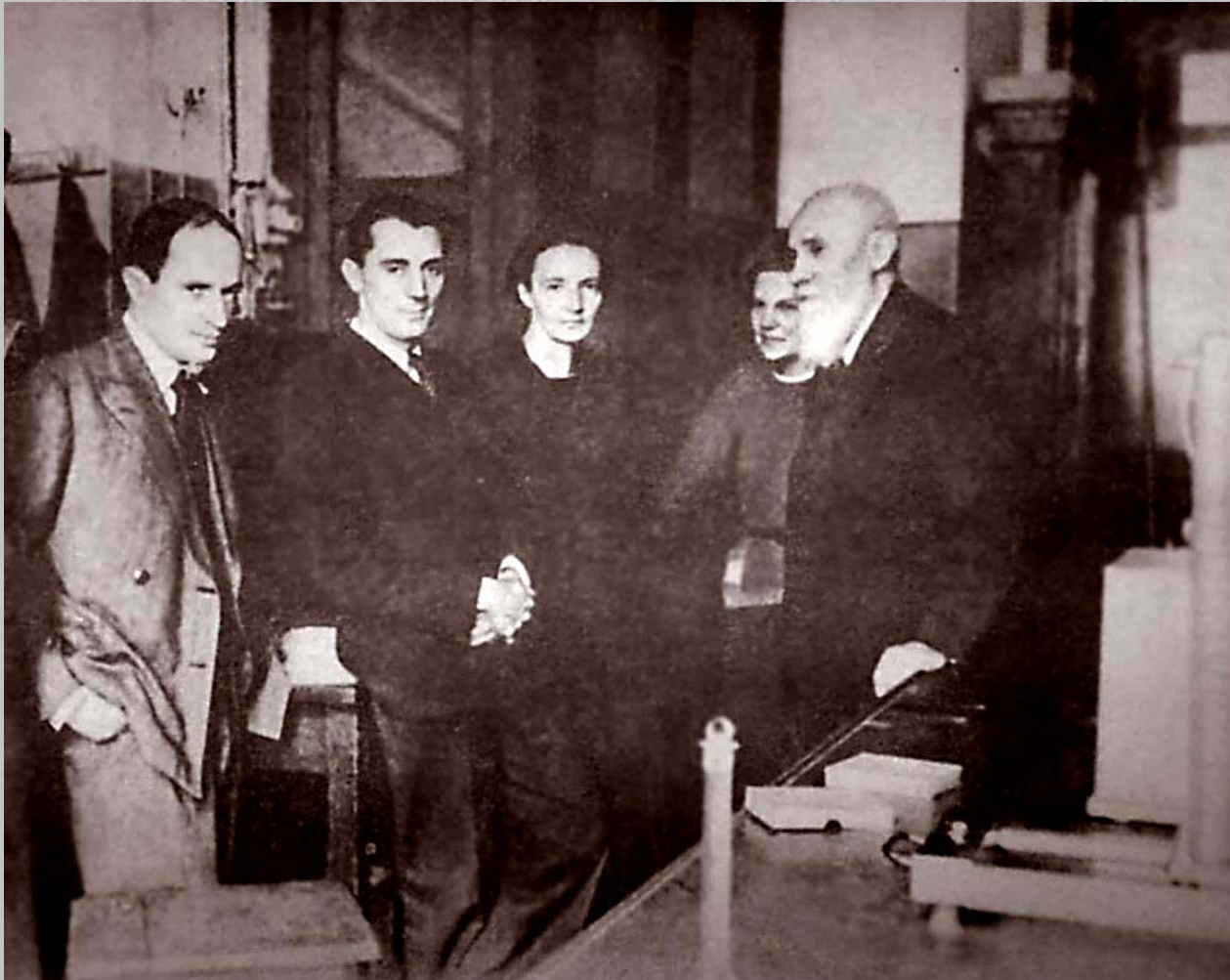


Grahame's visit to Moscow, 1956

Frederic and Iren Jolio-Curie

N.A.Bakh

A.N.Bakh



Université Libre de Bruxelles

Faculté des Sciences

Chimie Analytique

**Cinétique d'approche
et réactions
d'électrodes irréversibles**



Lucien GIERST

Prof. Gierst

Thèse présentée à la Faculté des Sciences
de l'Université libre de Bruxelles
pour l'obtention du grade d'agrégé
de l'enseignement supérieur

COMMISSION D'EXAMEN

Les professeurs:

L. de Brouckère, Président

P. Goldfinger, Secrétaire

C. Decroly

R. Defay

I. Prigogine, Membres

I thank Prof. Cl.Bues-Hermann for her kind help.

ON THE DETERMINATION OF THE VALUE OF THE CHARGE OF THE REACTING PARTICLE AND OF THE CONSTANT α FROM THE DEPENDENCE OF THE RATE OF ELECTRO-REDUCTION ON THE POTENTIAL AND CONCENTRATION OF THE SOLUTION*

A. N. FRUMKIN, O. A. PETRY and N. V. NIKOLAEVA-FEDOROVICH

$$\left(\frac{\partial \ln i}{\partial \ln c} \right)_{\varphi - (RT/n_2 F) \ln c, Cr} = - \frac{n_1}{n_2}$$

← Reactant charge
← Supporting ion charge

↑
Corresponds to constant electrode charge, if it is high enough

First published in: A.N.Frumkin, O.A.Petrii, Doklady AN SSSR, 1962, v.147, p.418.

Next step: O.A.Petrii, B.B.Damaskin, Elektrokhimiya, 1974, v.10, p.756.

Later (for ion pairing complications):

G.A.Tsirlina, O.A.Petrii, Russ. J.Electrochem., 2003, v.39, p. 323-327

and Refs therein

Corrected Tafel Plots: $\log i - \psi'$ vs. $E - \psi'$

hexacyanoferrate

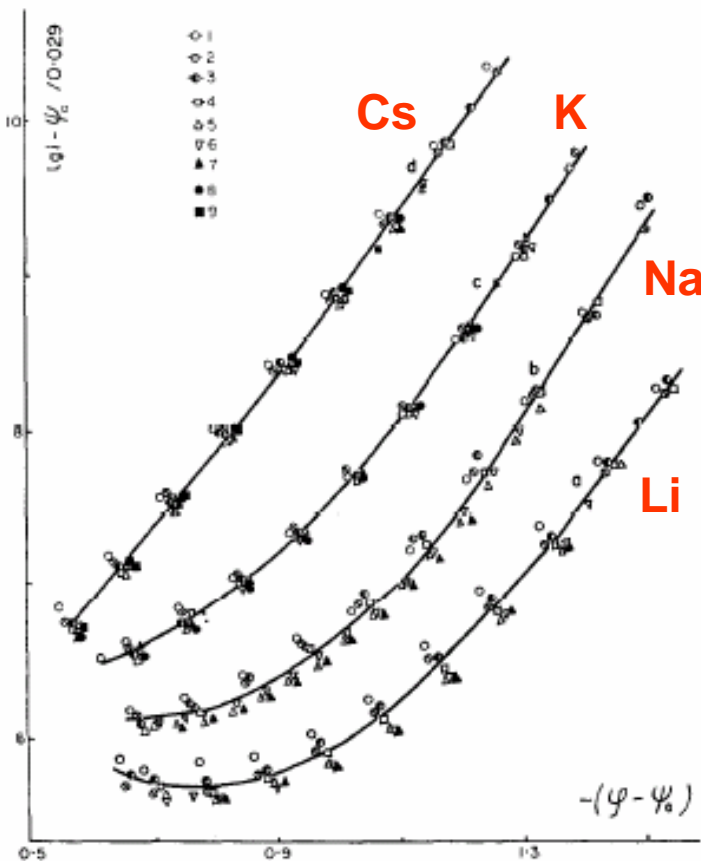


FIG. 3. Corrected Tafel plots of $S_2O_8^{2-}$ electro-reduction in solutions:
 (a) 10^{-3} N $Na_2S_2O_8$: in the presence of LiCl + NaCl ($[Li^+]:[Na^+] = 10:1$) in concentrations 10^{-3} N (1); 1.5×10^{-3} N (2); 2×10^{-3} N (3); 3×10^{-3} N (4); 4×10^{-3} N (5); 5×10^{-3} N (6); 7×10^{-3} N (7).
 (b) 10^{-3} N $Na_2S_2O_8$ in the presence of NaF in concentrations 3×10^{-3} N (1); 5×10^{-3} N (2); 7×10^{-3} N (3); 10^{-2} N (4); 1.5×10^{-2} N (5); 2×10^{-2} N (6); 3×10^{-2} N (7).
 (c) 10^{-3} N $K_2S_2O_8$ in the presence of KCl in concentrations 2×10^{-3} N (1); 3×10^{-3} N (2); 4×10^{-3} N (3); 5×10^{-3} N (4); 6×10^{-3} N (5); 7×10^{-3} N (6); 8×10^{-3} N (7); 10^{-2} N (8).
 (d) 10^{-3} N $Cs_2S_2O_8$ in the presence of CsCl in concentrations 0 (1); 5×10^{-4} N (2); 10^{-3} N (3); 1.5×10^{-3} N (4); 2×10^{-3} N (5); 2.5×10^{-3} N (6); 3×10^{-3} N (7); 4×10^{-3} N (8); 5×10^{-3} N (9).

peroxodisulfate

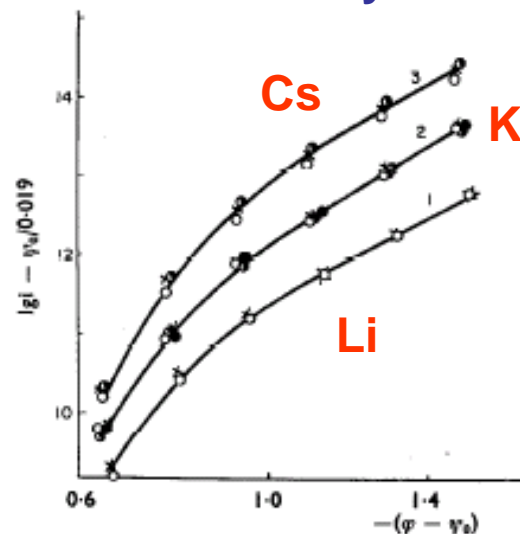


FIG. 4. Corrected Tafel plots of $Fe(CN)_6^{3-}$ reduction in solutions: (1) 10^{-3} N $Li_3Fe(CN)_6$ in the presence of LiCl in concentrations 10^{-3} N ($\times \times \times \times$), 3×10^{-3} N ($\circ \circ \circ \circ$); (2) 10^{-3} N $K_3Fe(CN)_6$ in the presence of KCl in concentrations 0 ($\circ \circ \circ \circ$), 5×10^{-4} N ($\times \times \times \times$), 10^{-3} N ($\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$), 1.5×10^{-3} N ($\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$); (3) 10^{-3} N $Cs_3Fe(CN)_6$ in the presence of CsCl in concentrations 0 ($\circ \circ \circ \circ$), 3×10^{-4} N ($\times \times \times \times$), 5×10^{-4} N ($\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$).

Original idea:

KAMEO ASADA,^{1a} PAUL DELAHAY AND A. K. SUNDARAM

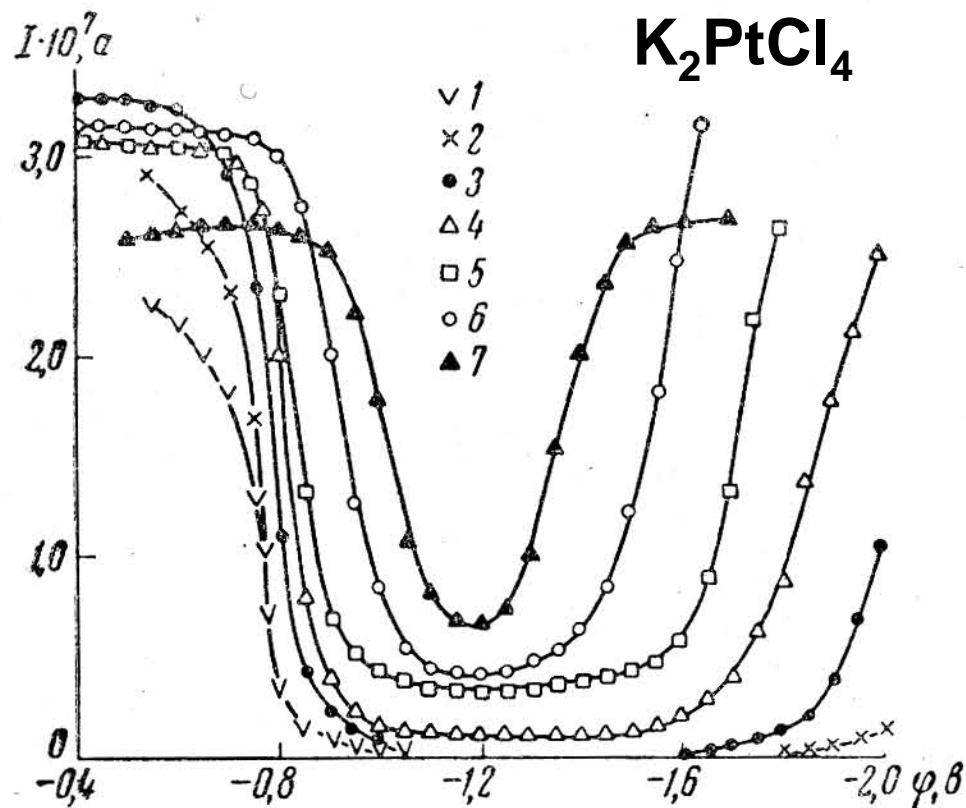
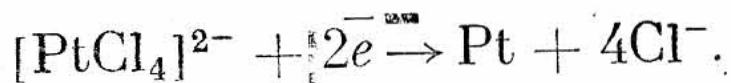
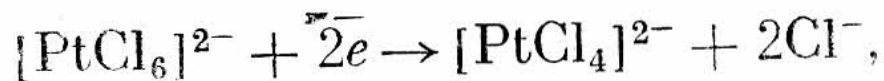
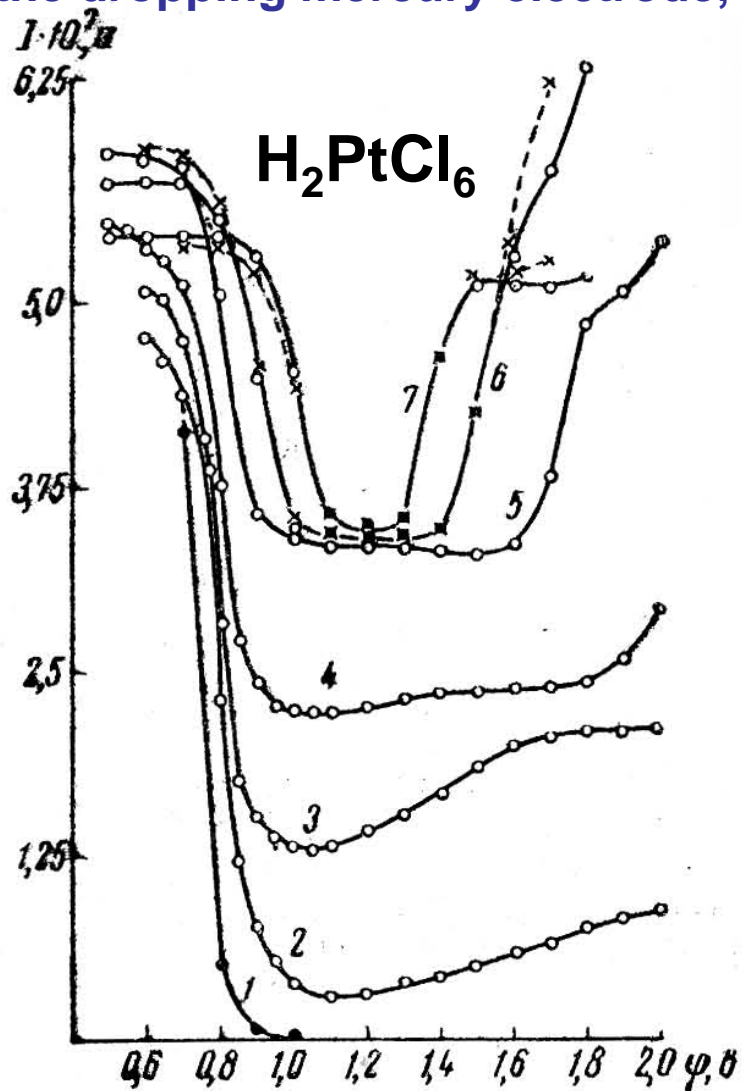
JACS, 1961, v.83, 3396-4000

Cations effect is still a challenge

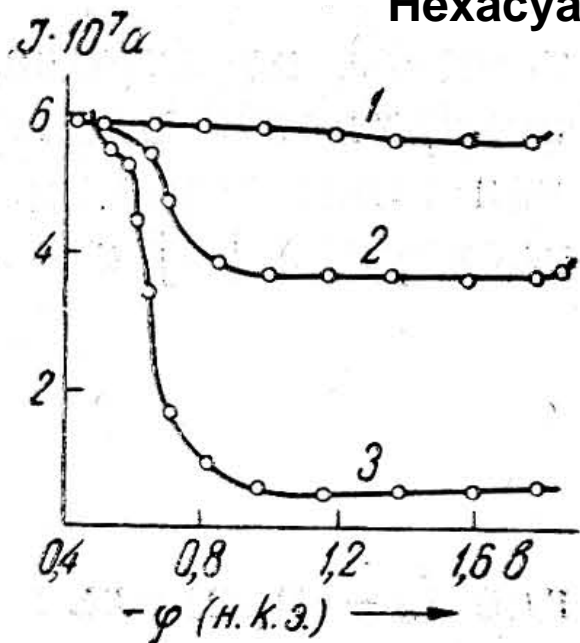
О МЕХАНИЗМЕ ЭЛЕКТРОХИМИЧЕСКОГО ВОССТАНОВЛЕНИЯ
ГАЛОИДНЫХ КОМПЛЕКСОВ ПЛАТИНЫ НА РТУТНОМ
КАПЕЛЬНОМ ЭЛЕКТРОДЕ

Н. В. Николаева-Федорович и О. А. Петрий

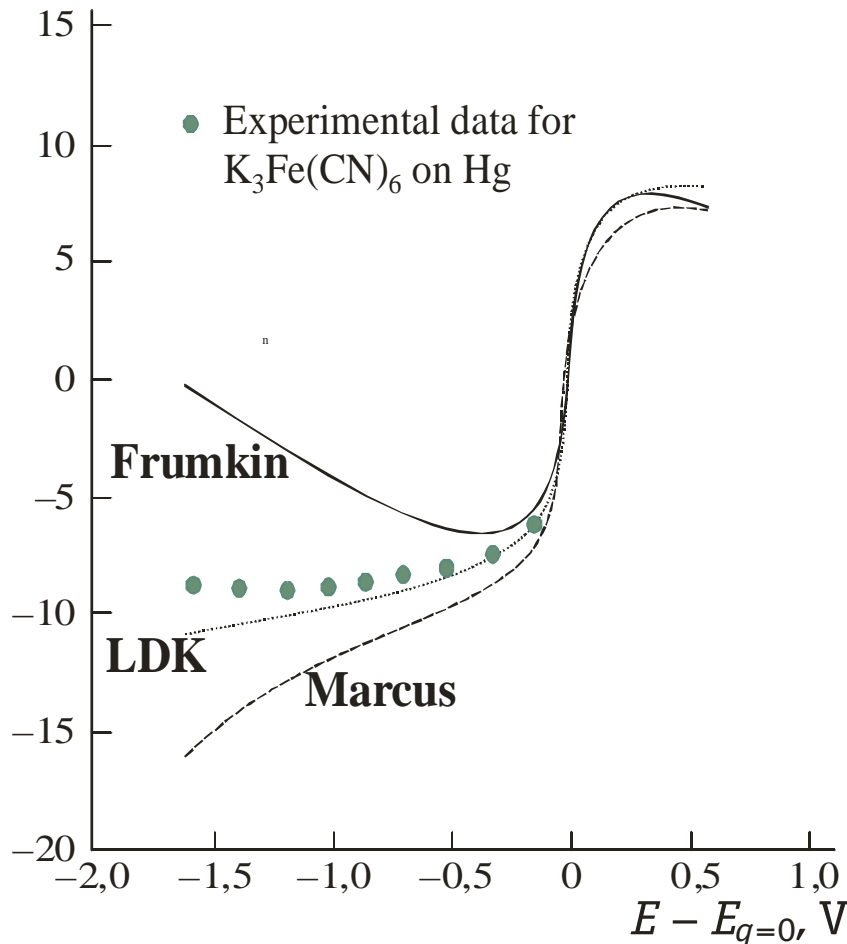
On the mechanism of electrochemical reduction of platinum halogenide complexes at the dropping mercury electrode, Zh. Fiz. Khimii, 1961, v.35, 1270-1277.



Hexacyanoferrate reduction – activationless process



$\lg i$ (arbitrary units)



Frumkin:

$$\ln j + \frac{n_i F \psi'}{RT} = \ln(k_s [C]) - \frac{\alpha(\varphi - \psi')F}{RT}$$

Levich-Dogonadze-Kuznetsov (LDK):

$$j = F [C] \left(\frac{\omega_{ef}}{2\pi} \right)^{+\infty}_{-\infty} \int d\varepsilon \int_{z_{min}}^{\infty} dz \rho(\varepsilon) f_{FD}(\varepsilon) \kappa_e(z) \exp\{-\Delta E_a(\varepsilon, z) / kT\}$$

$$\Delta E_a(\varepsilon, z) = W_i + (\Delta F_{if} + E_{tot} - \varepsilon)^2 / 4E_{tot}^{13}$$



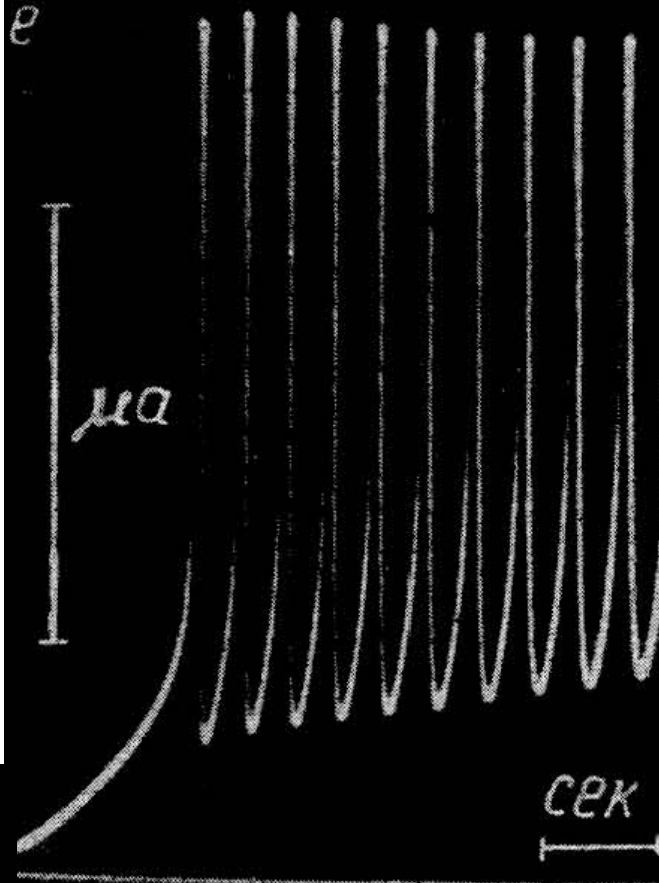
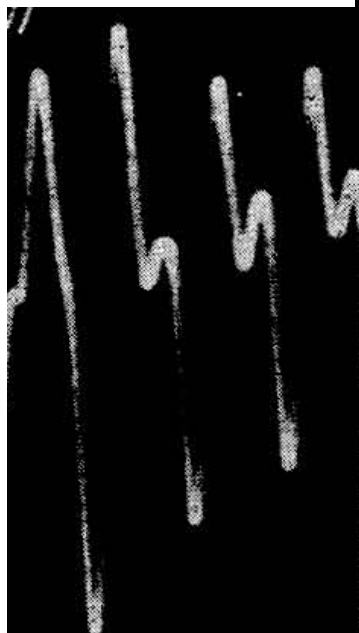
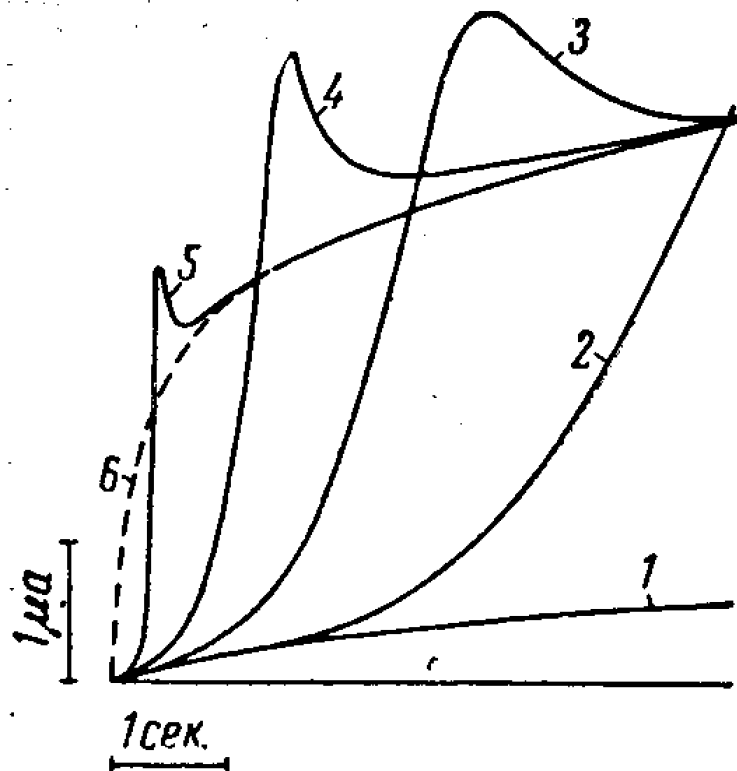
J. Heyrowsky and A.N. Frumkin in Prague, 1964

Академик А. Н. ФРУМКИН, О. А. ПЕТРИЙ и Н. В. НИКОЛАЕВА-ФЕДОРОВИЧ

КРИВЫЕ ТОК—ВРЕМЯ ПРИ ВОССТАНОВЛЕНИИ АНИОНОВ
НА КАПЕЛЬНОМ ЭЛЕКТРОДЕ

Current-time curves of anions reduction on the
dropping electrode

Peroxodisulphate reduction affected
by tetrabutyl ammonium cation



Various types of
oscillations observed
for cation-affected
reduction of anions

Доклады Академии наук СССР
1965. Том 160, № 4

ФИЗИЧЕСКАЯ ХИМИЯ

О. А. ПЕТРИЙ

ОБ АКТИВНОСТИ ЭЛЕКТРОЛИТИЧЕСКИ СМЕШАННЫХ ОСАДКОВ
ПЛАТИНЫ И РУТЕНИЯ В РЕАКЦИИ ЭЛЕКТРООКИСЛЕНИЯ
МЕТАНОЛА

(Представлено академиком А. Н. Фрумкин 6 VIII 1964)

O.A.Petrii,
Doklady AN SSSR,
160(1965)871-874

On the activity of electrolytic mixed platinum-ruthenium deposits in methanol electrooxidation reaction

Recommended by Academician A.N.Frumkin, August 6, 1964

$\text{H}_2\text{PtCl}_6 + \text{K}_2\text{Ru}(\text{NO})\text{Cl}_5$, 5-10-23-30-100 wt.% Ru;

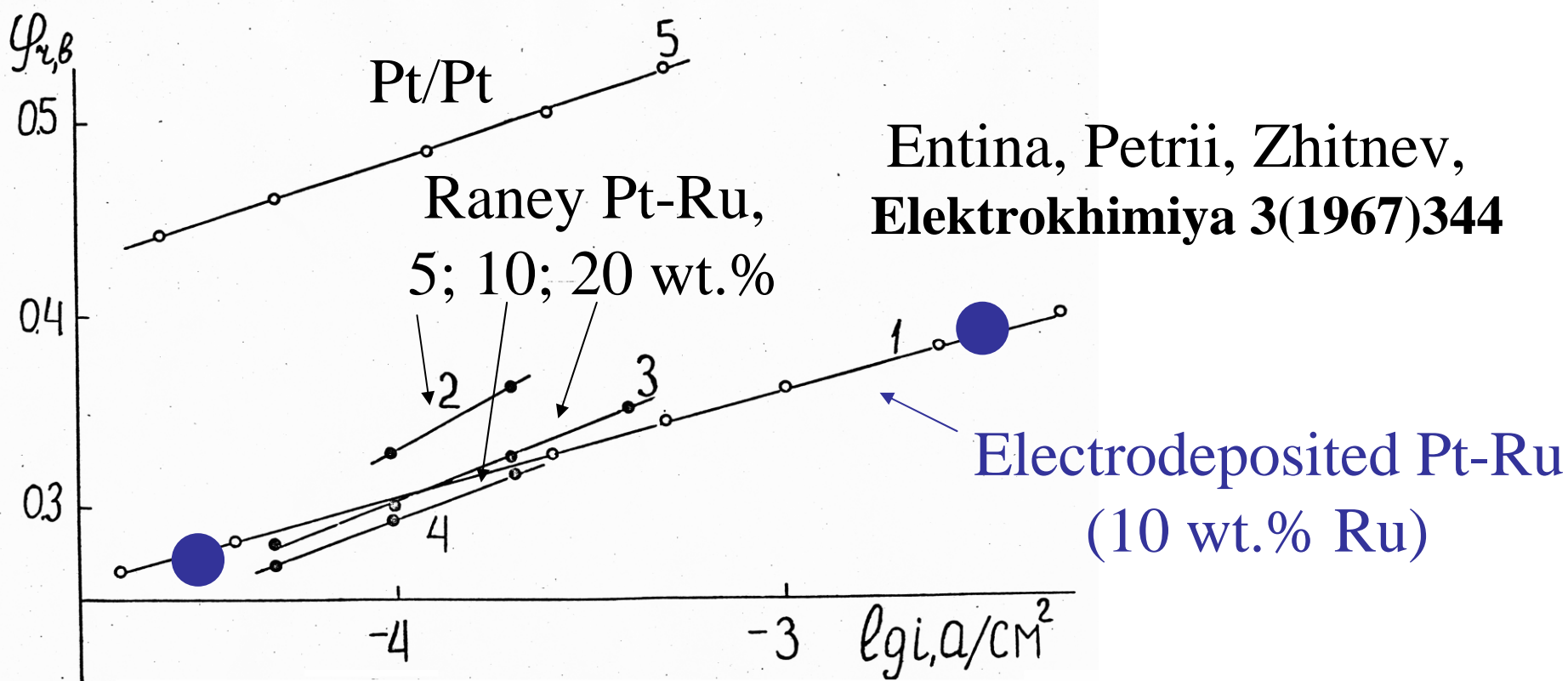
Pt foil support

Further studies:

1964-1970, with participation of V.Entina

O.A.Petrii, V.E.Kazarinov, *Elektrokhimiya* 1(1965)1389

^{106}Ru radiotracer technique: $\text{K}_2^{106}\text{Ru}(\text{NO})\text{Cl}_5$, galvanostatic



Steady-state data for sol-gel Pt-Ru catalyst, from

● J.Y.Kim, Z.G.Yang, C.-C.Chang, Y.I.Valdez, S.R.Narayanan, P.N.Kumta, J.Electrochem. Soc. 150(2003)A1421

J Solid State Electrochem (2008) 12:609–642

Pt–Ru electrocatalysts for fuel cells: a representative review

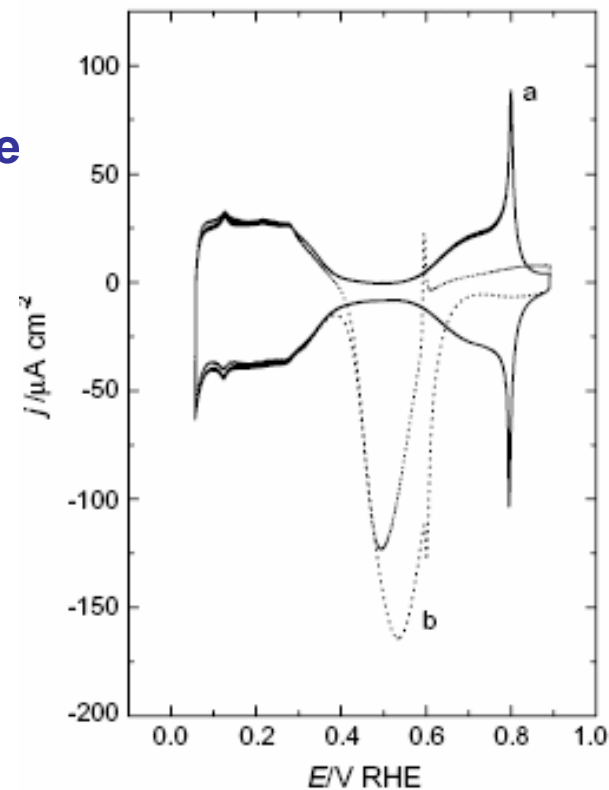
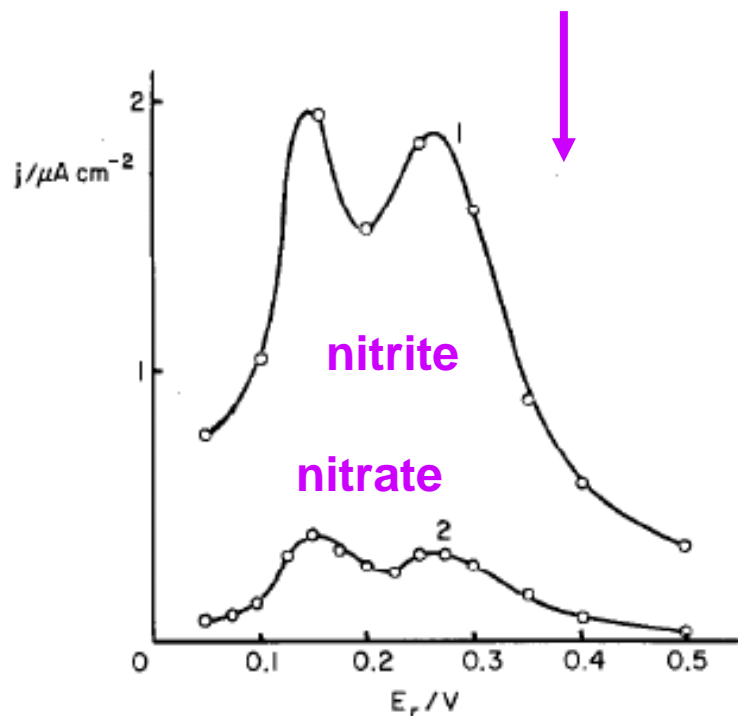
Electrocatalytic reduction of inorganic anions on Pt metals

Electroreduction of nitrate and nitrite anions on platinum metals: a model process for elucidating the nature of the passivation by hydrogen adsorption *

J. Electroanal. Chem., 331 (1992) 897–912

Oleg A. Petrii and Tatiana Ya. Safonova

Peroxodisulfate on Pt(111)

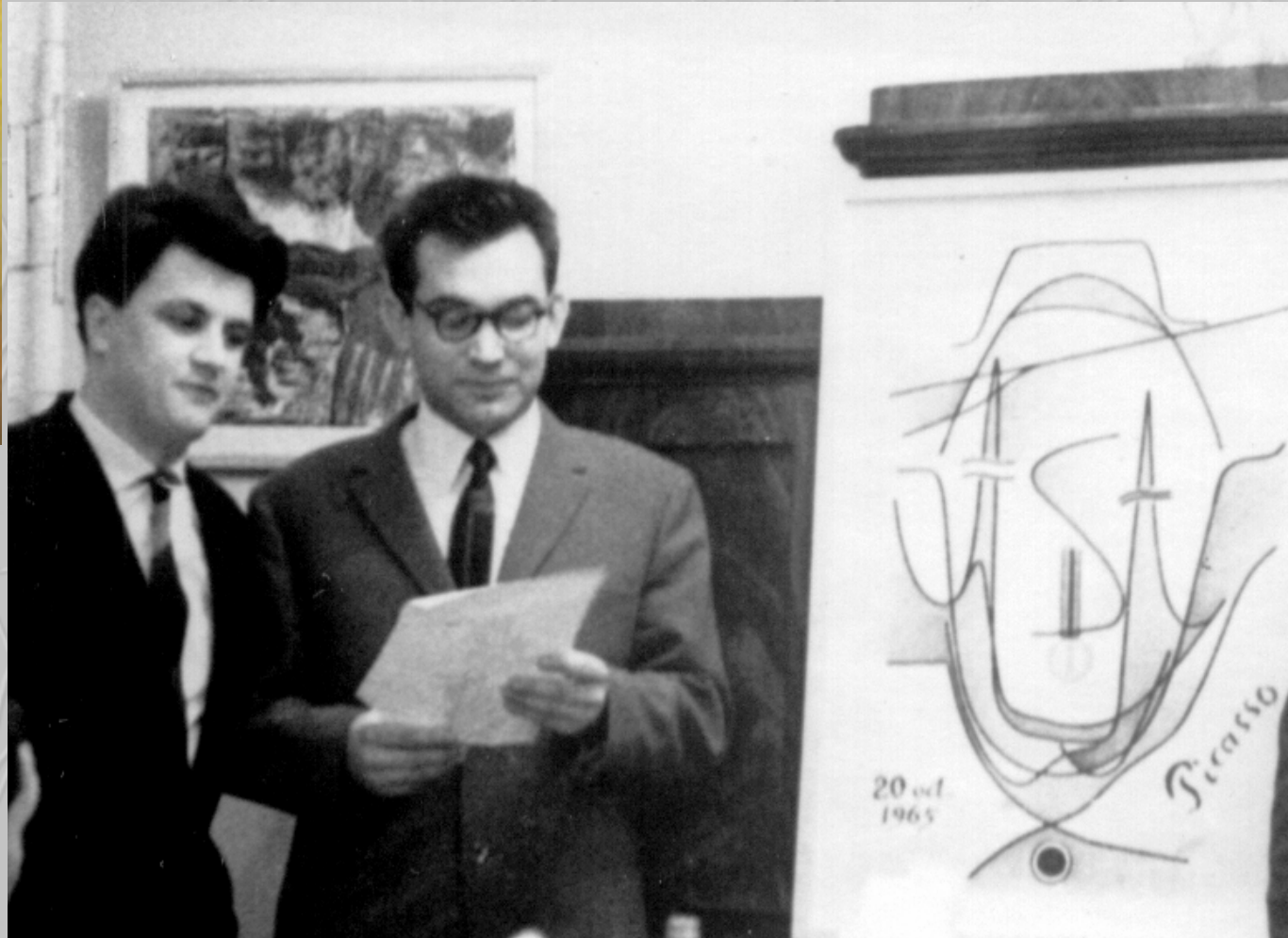


Journal of Electroanalytical Chemistry 612 (2008) 269–276

Peroxodisulphate reduction as a novel probe for the study of platinum single crystal/solution interphases

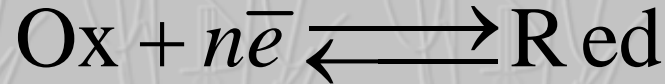
Victor Climent ^a, M. Dolores Maciá ^a, Enrique Herrero ^a, Juan M. Feliu ^{a,*}, Oleg A. Petrii

**Picasso portrait:
manual to study the electrode kinetics**



1965

Surface thermodynamics of the perfectly polarizable electrode



Nernst Equation $dE = d\mu_{\text{Ox}} - d\mu_{\text{Red}}$

Gibbs Equation $d\sigma = -\Gamma_{\text{ox}} d\mu_{\text{Ox}} - \Gamma_{\text{Red}} d\mu_{\text{Red}} - \sum_i \Gamma_i d\mu_i$

When $\mu_{\text{Ox}} = \text{const}$,

$$d\sigma = \Gamma_{\text{Red}} dE - \sum_i \Gamma_i d\mu_i$$

When $\mu_{\text{Red}} = \text{const}$,

$$d\sigma = -\Gamma_{\text{Ox}} dE - \sum_i \Gamma_i d\mu_i$$

Two Lippman Equations:

$$\left(\frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial E} \right)_{\mu_{\text{Ox}}, \mu_i} = \Gamma_{\text{Red}}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial E} \right)_{\mu_{\text{Red}}, \mu_i} = -\Gamma_{\text{Ox}}$$

Total charges:

$$\Gamma_{\text{Red}} = -\varepsilon + A_{\text{Red}}, \quad \Gamma_{\text{Ox}} = \varepsilon + A_{\text{Ox}}$$

Hydrogen electrode (platinized platinum)

$$d\sigma = -\Gamma_H d\mu_H - \Gamma_{HA} d\mu_{HA} - \Gamma_{CA} d\mu_{CA}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial E_r}{\partial \mu_{H^+}} \right)_{\Gamma_H, \mu_{CA}} = \frac{\left(\frac{\partial \Gamma_{H^+}}{\partial E_r} \right)_{\mu_{H^+}, \mu_{CA}}}{\left(\frac{\partial \Gamma_H}{\partial E_r} \right)_{\mu_{H^+}, \mu_{CA}}}$$

Double layer capacity

$$C_{dl} = C_{total} \left(\frac{\partial E_r}{\partial \mu_{H^+}} \right)_{\Gamma_H, \mu_{CA}}$$

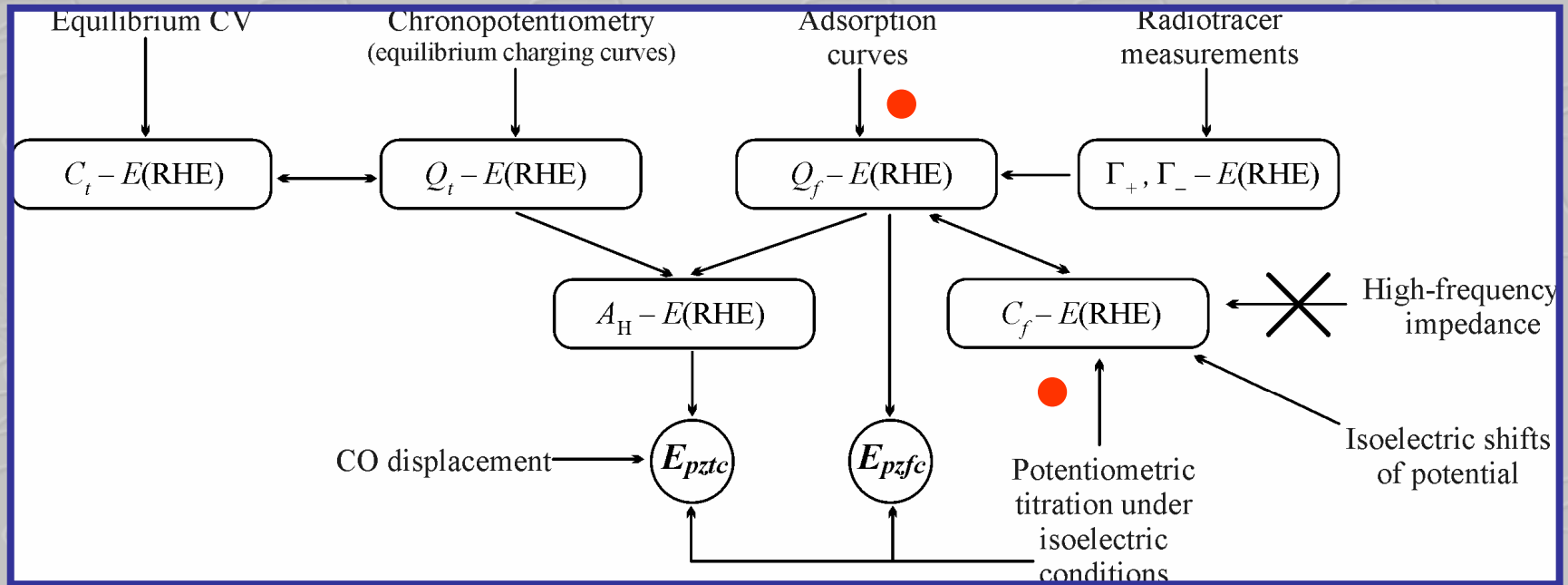
Total capacity

Isoelectric shift

Experimental techniques to verify surface thermodynamics concept

t – the quantities related to the total electrode charge

f – related to free electrode charge



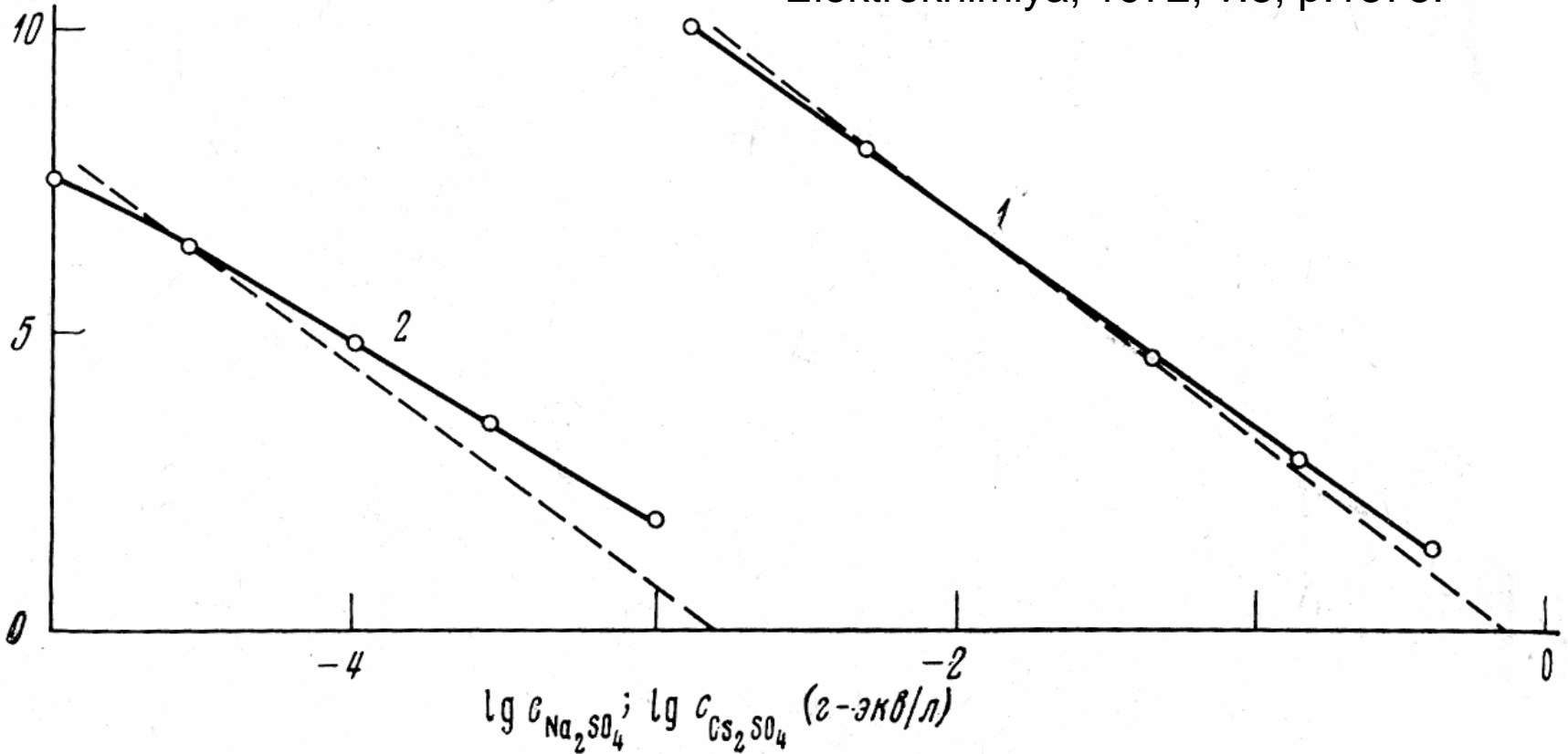
- Still possible to apply only to the electrodes of high true surface area

Coadsorption

$$d\sigma = -\Gamma_1 d\mu_1 - \Gamma_2 d\mu_2$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial \Gamma_1}{\partial \mu_2} \right)_{\mu_1} = \left(\frac{\partial \Gamma_2}{\partial \mu_1} \right)_{\mu_2}$$

$\Gamma_{\text{Cs}^+}, \Gamma_{\text{Na}^+}, \text{мккул/см}^2$



B.B.Damaskin, O.A.Petrii, V.E.Kazarinov,
Elektrokhimiya, 1972, v.8, p.1373.

Free electrode charge: pH dependence

Hydrogen region, $A_{H^+} = 0$

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial pH}\right)_{\varepsilon=0} = -\frac{2.3RT}{F} \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{\partial \Gamma_{H^+}}{\partial A_H}\right)_{E_r}}$$

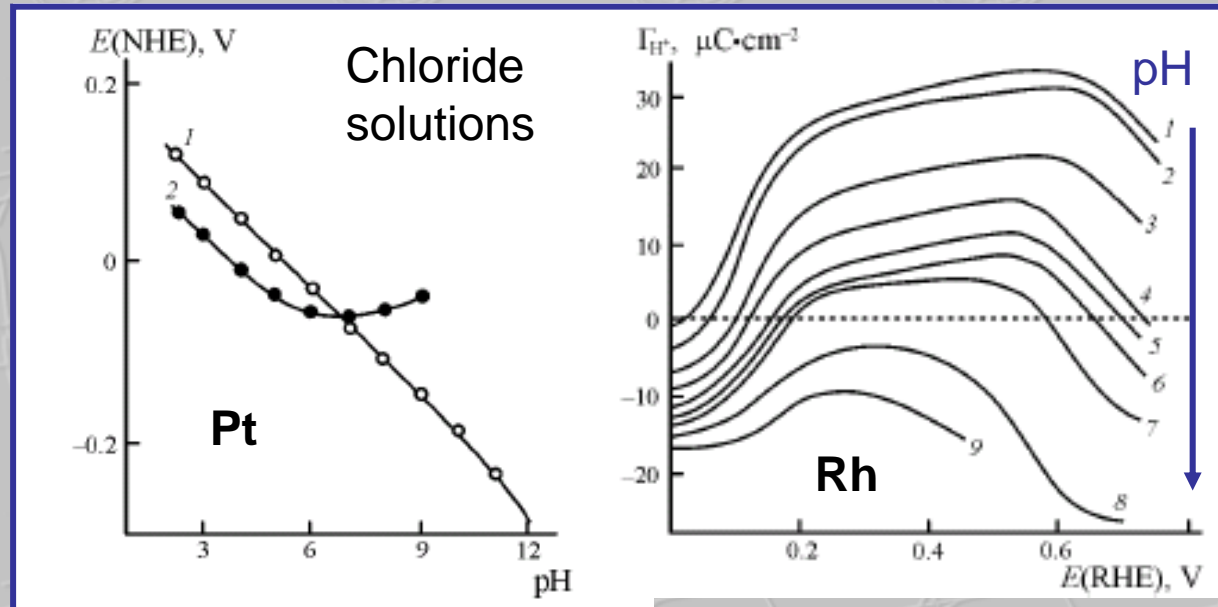
Oxygen region, $A_{OH^-} = 0$

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial pH}\right)_{\varepsilon=0} = -\frac{2.3RT}{F} \left(\frac{\partial A_{OH}}{\partial \Gamma_{H^+}}\right)_{E_r} \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{\partial A_{OH}}{\partial \Gamma_{H^+}}\right)_{E_r}}$$

If $A_H = 0$ or $A_{OH} = 0$

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial pH}\right)_{\varepsilon=0} = 0$$

Doklady AN SSSR,
1975, v.222, 1159;
1976, v.226, 117

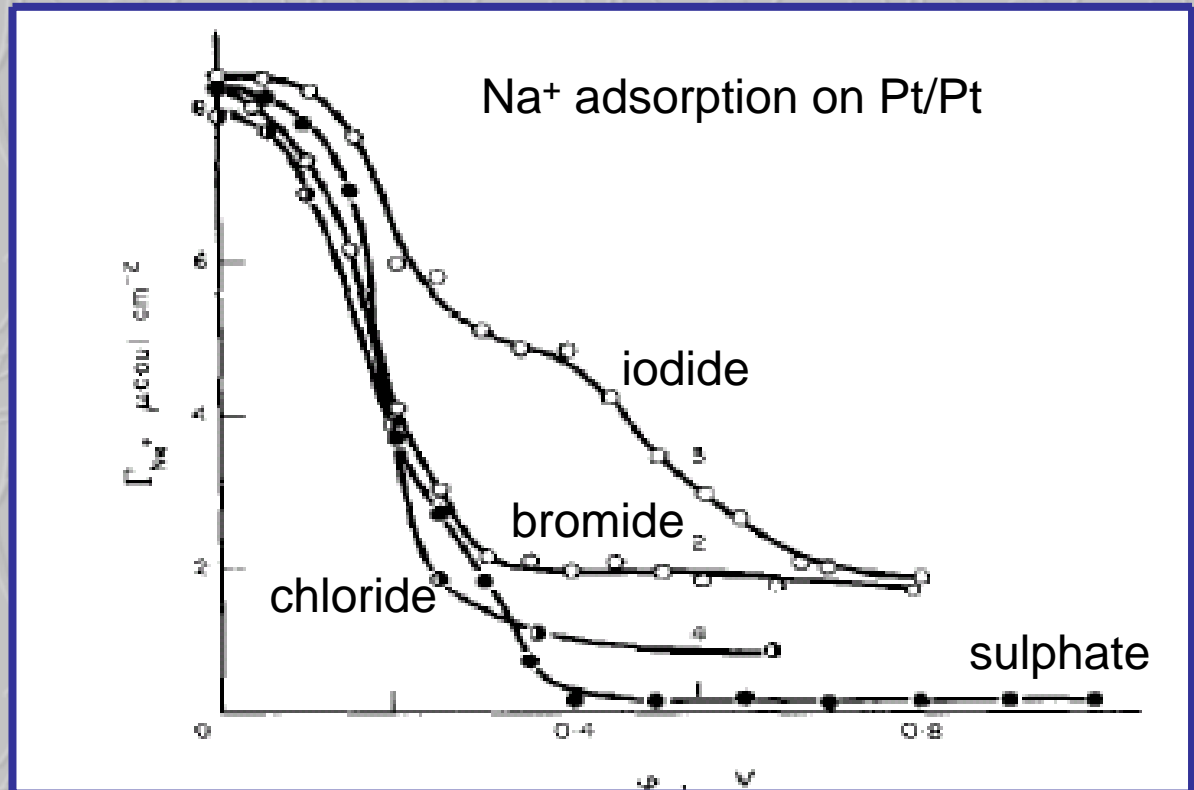
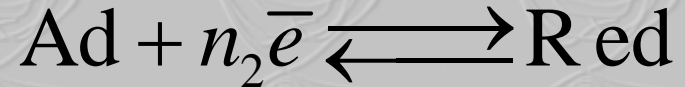
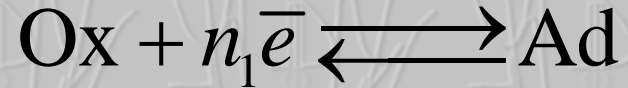
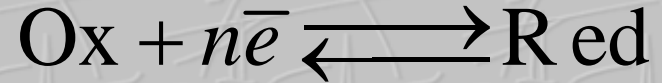


Partial charge transfer

$$n_1 = \left(\frac{\partial \Gamma_{\text{Red}}}{\partial \Gamma_{\Sigma}} \right)_E$$

$$n_2 = \left(\frac{\partial \Gamma_{\text{Ox}}}{\partial \Gamma_{\Sigma}} \right)_E$$

$$\Gamma_{\Sigma} = \Gamma_{\text{Ox}} + \Gamma_{\text{Red}}$$

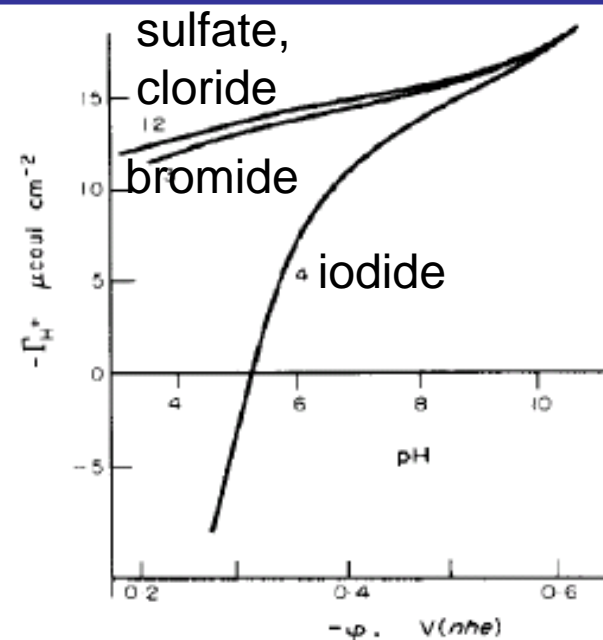
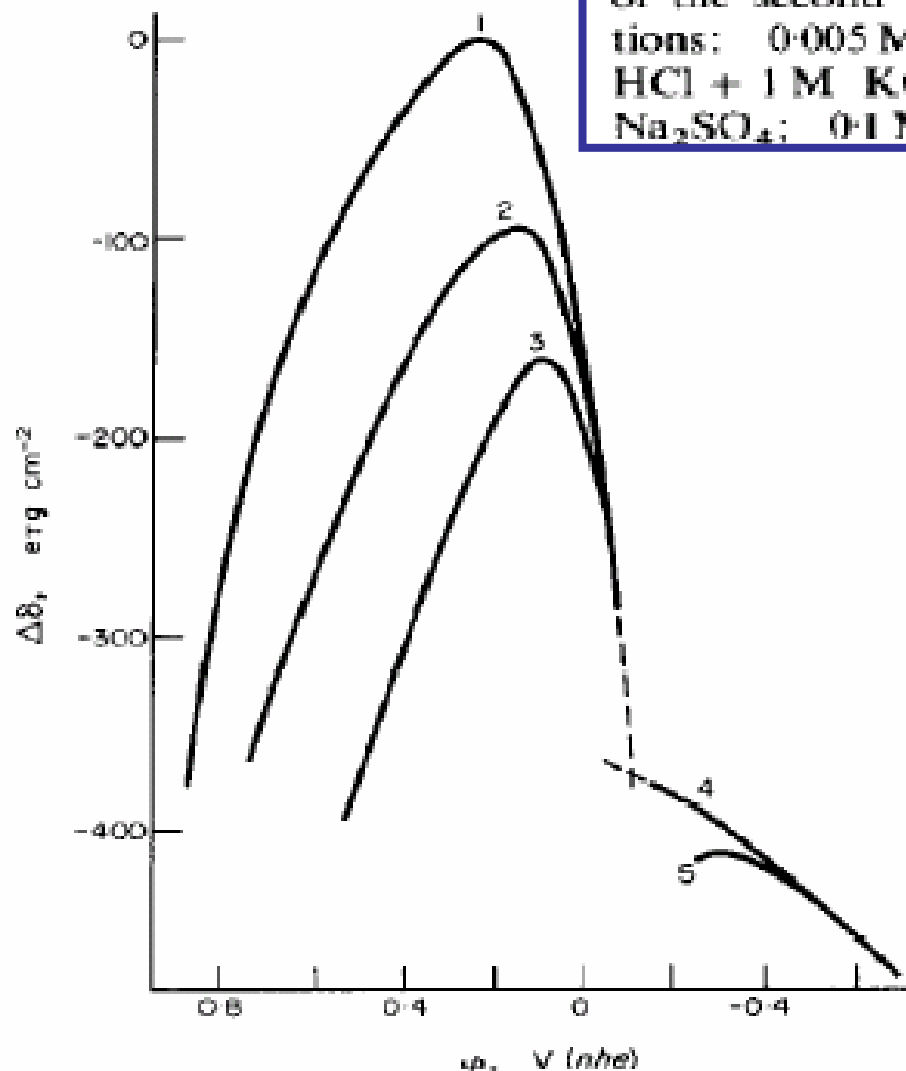


1974: Edward Kennedy visit to USSR



The intersect of 3D electrocapillary curve

Electrocapillary curves of the first kind (1-3) and of the second kind (4,5) of Pt/Pt electrode in the solutions: 0.005 M H_2SO_4 + 0.5 M Na_2SO_4 ; $2 \cdot 10^{-2}$ M HCl + 1 M KCl ; $3 \cdot 10^{-2}$ M HBr + 1 M KBr ; 4-0.5 M Na_2SO_4 ; 0.1 M KCl ($\varphi_r = 0$); 5-0.1 M KI ($\varphi_r = 0$)



Charging curves of the 2nd kind

Electrochemical material science

High temperature oxide superconductors

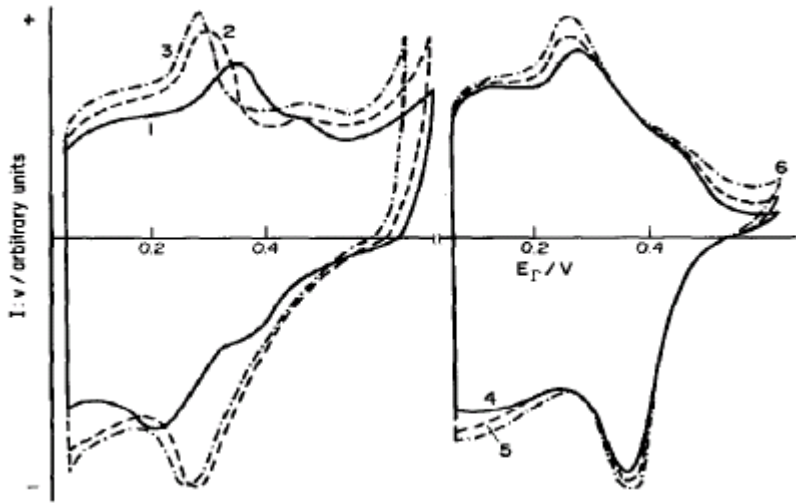
JOURNAL OF APPLIED ELECTROCHEMISTRY 23 (1993) 583-588

Anomalous features of thallium oxide electrodeposited layers and room temperature HTSC electroynthesis*

O. A. PETRII, G. A. TSIRLINA, T. V. RAKOVA, S. YU. VASSILIEV

Tungsten and chromium carbides:

Electrochim. Acta, 1987, v.32, 37 and 649



ROLE OF CARBON DEFICIENCY AND ANODIC ACTIVATION IN THE ELECTROCHEMISTRY OF CARBIDE MATERIALS

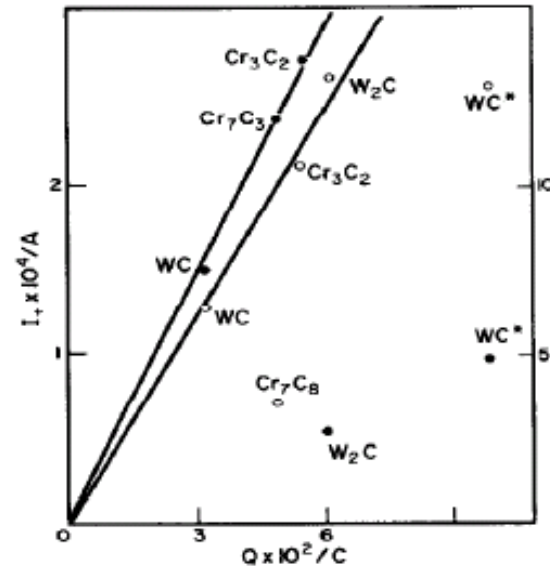
G. A. TSIRLINA and O. A. PETRII

Rechargeable oxides (a brief review):

SURFACE ELECTROCHEMISTRY OF OXIDES: THERMODYNAMIC AND MODEL APPROACHES

O. A. PETRII

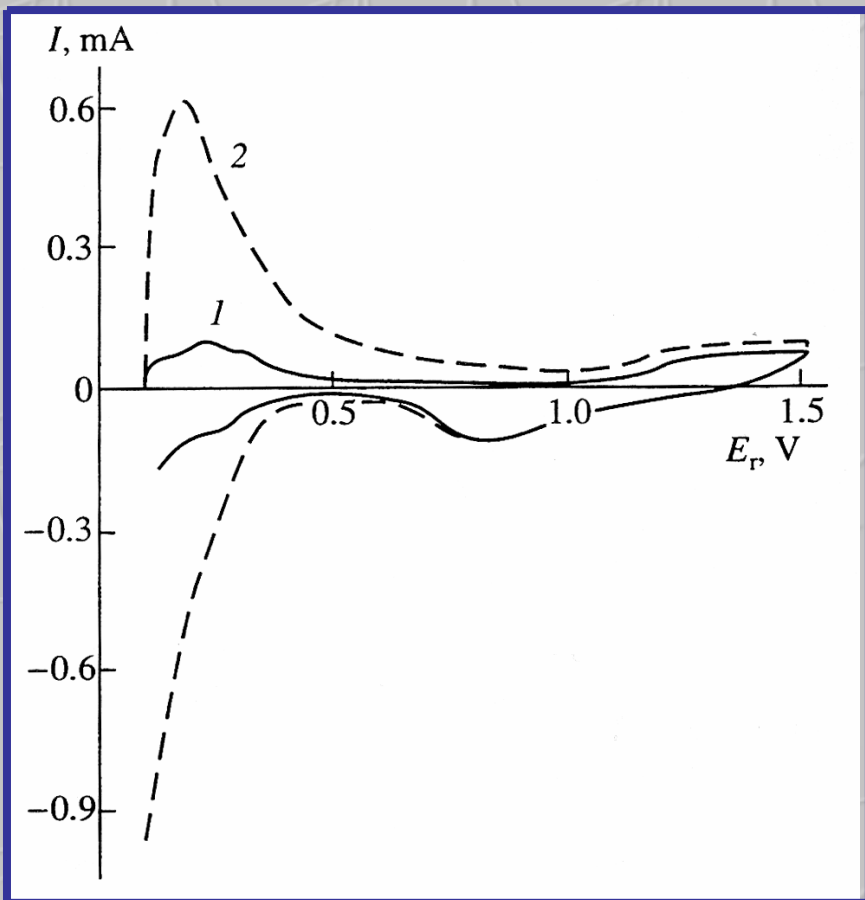
Electrochim. Acta, 1996, v.41, 2307



HYDROGEN EVOLUTION ON SMOOTH STOICHIOMETRIC TUNGSTEN AND CHROMIUM CARBIDES

G. A. TSIRLINA and O. A. PETRII

Pt-ZrO₂: spillover



O. A. Petrii, S. Ya. Vasina, Yu. D. Seropegin,
Russ. J. Electrochem. 1995, v.31, 1274

Electrochemical material science

CeNi₃ – CeCo₃ system:

Yu. M. Vol'fkovich, O. A. Petrii, A. A. Zaitsev,
I.V. Kovrigina, Vestn. Mosk. Univ. Ser. 2,
1988, No29, 173

For review, see

O. A. Petrii, I. V. Kovrigina, S. Ya. Vasina,
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J. Electroanal. Chem., 327 (1992) 353–376

**REAL SURFACE AREA MEASUREMENTS
IN ELECTROCHEMISTRY**

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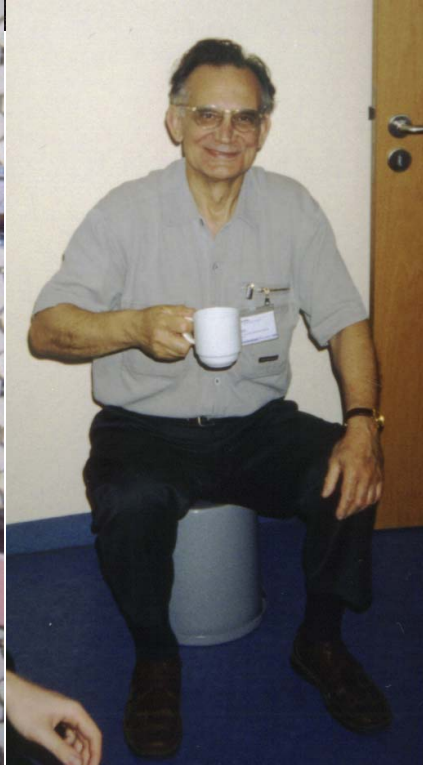
S. TRASATTI¹ and O. A. PETRII²



1974, Horiuti and Frumkin

Alma-Ata, 1975





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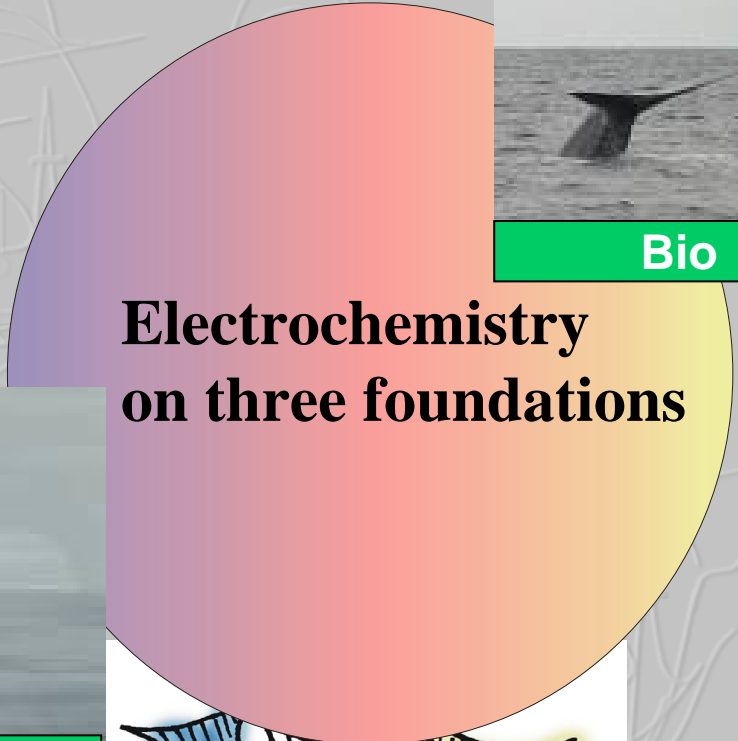
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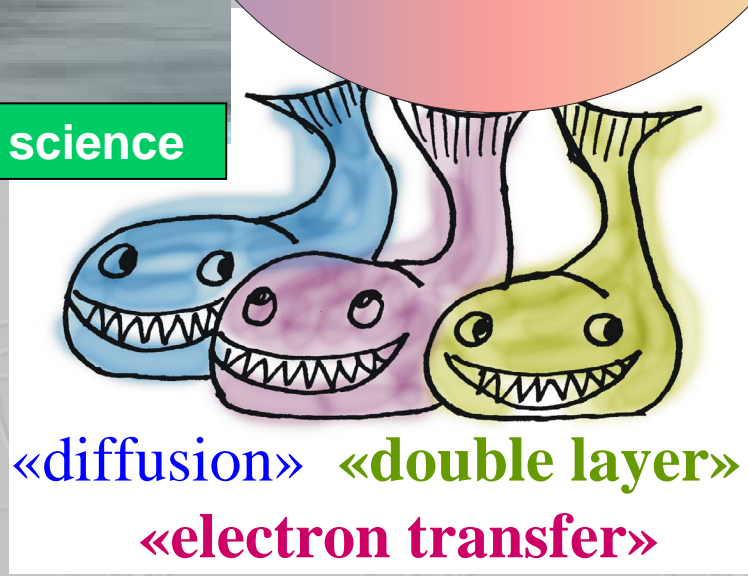
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Material science



Electrochemistry on three foundations



«diffusion» «double layer» «electron transfer»

2009

Home-made movie, 1965

